

DATA SHEET FOR CHEM 331

Universal Constants:

$$R = 8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} = 0.08206 \text{ L atm mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$$

$$F = 96,480 \text{ C mol}$$

$$h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$$

$$c = 3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$\kappa = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ m}^2 \text{ kg s}^{-2} \text{ K}^{-1}$$

Conversions:

$$1 \text{ ppm} = \frac{1 \text{ mg}}{\text{kg}} = \frac{1 \mu\text{g}}{\text{g}} = \frac{1 \text{ ng}}{\text{mg}}$$

$$1 \text{ ppb} = \frac{1 \mu\text{g}}{\text{kg}} = \frac{1 \text{ ng}}{\text{g}}$$

$$\text{Kelvin Temperature} = 273.2 + {}^\circ\text{C}$$

$$1.00 \text{ atm} = 101,300 \text{ Pa} = 760 \text{ torr}$$

$$1 \text{ m}^3 = 10^3 \text{ L}$$

$$N_A = 6.023 \times 10^{23} \text{ molecule mol}^{-1}$$

$$1 \text{ J} = \text{kg m}^2/\text{s}^2 = \text{N m} = \text{Pa m}^3 = \text{W s} = \text{C V}$$

$$\chi_i = \frac{M_i}{V_{\text{solv}}}$$

Formulas:

$$\text{Rate} = -k[A]^n$$

$$k = A e^{-E_a/RT}$$

$$k = \left(\frac{kT}{h} \right) e^{\frac{\Delta S^\ddagger}{R}} e^{\frac{-\Delta H^\ddagger}{RT}}$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{k_2}{k_1}\right) = \frac{-E_a}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_2} - \frac{1}{T_1} \right)$$

$$\ln[A] = -kt + \ln[A]_o$$

$$\frac{1}{[A]} = kt + \frac{1}{[A]_o}$$

$$\Delta G = \Delta H - T\Delta S$$

$$\Delta G^\circ = -RT \ln K$$

$$\text{pH} = -\log a_{\text{H}^+} \approx -\log [\text{H}^+] \quad \text{pH} + \text{pOH} = \text{pK}_w$$

| Temp (°C) | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 |
|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| pK _w | 14.94 | 14.73 | 14.53 | 14.35 | 14.17 | 14.00 |

$$\ln P^o = -\frac{\Delta H_{vap}}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T} \right) + \text{constant}$$

$$\ln \left(\frac{P_2^o}{P_1^o} \right) = -\frac{\Delta H_{vap}}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_2} - \frac{1}{T_1} \right)$$

$$\ln \left(\frac{K_{T_2}}{K_{T_1}} \right) = -\frac{\Delta H}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_2} - \frac{1}{T_1} \right)$$

$$\ln P^o(L) \approx 19 \left(1 - \frac{T_b}{T} \right) + 8.5 \left(\ln \frac{T_b}{T} \right) \text{ atm}$$

$$\ln \frac{P^o(s)}{P^o(L)} \approx -6.8 \left(\frac{T_m}{T} - 1 \right)$$

$$C_w^{sat}(L) = \frac{1}{\bar{V}_{H_2O} \gamma_w^{sat}} M$$

$$C_w^{sat}(s) = C_w^{sat}(L) \frac{P^o(s)}{P^o(L)}$$

$$C_w^{1atm}(g) = C_w^{sat}(L) \frac{1 \text{ atm}}{P^o(L)}$$

$$\log C_{w, \text{salt}}^{sat} = \log C_w^{sat} - K^s [\text{salt}]_{tot}$$

$$K_H \gg K_H^{sat} = \frac{P^o}{C_w^{sat}} = \frac{P^o(L)}{C_w^{sat}(L)} = \bar{V}_{H_2O} g_w^{sat} P^o(L)$$

$$K_{aw} = K_H' = \frac{C_g}{C_w} = \frac{K_H}{RT}$$

$$f_g = \frac{V_g}{V_g + \frac{I}{K_H'} V_w}$$

where $K_H' = K_{aw}$ (unitless)

$$K_H^{salt} = K_H 10^{K^s [\text{salt}]_{tot}}$$

$$K_{ow} = \frac{C_{octanol}}{C_{water}} = \frac{\gamma_w^{sat} \bar{V}_{H_2O}}{\gamma_{oct}^{sat} \bar{V}_{oct}}$$

$$\log \left\{ \frac{K_{aX}}{K_{aH}} \right\} \equiv \sigma \text{ (for BAs)}$$

$$\log \left\{ \frac{K_X}{K_H} \right\} = \rho \Sigma \sigma$$

$$\log \left\{ \frac{k_X}{k_H} \right\} = \rho \Sigma \sigma$$

$$\log \left(\frac{k_{Nu}}{k_{H2O}} \right) \equiv n \text{ (for } CH_3Br)$$

$$\log \left(\frac{k_{Nu}}{k_{H2O}} \right) = n s$$

$$\alpha_{HA} = \frac{[HA]}{[HA] + [A^-]} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{K_a}{[H^+]}} = \frac{1}{1 + 10^{(pH - pK_a)}}$$

$$\ln \gamma_w = -\ln P^o(L) + s \left[V^{2/3} \left(\frac{n_D^{-2} - 1}{n_D^{-2} + 2} \right) \right] + a(\alpha) + b(\beta) + v \bar{V} + \text{Constant}$$

Information

Molar Volumes:

$$\overline{V}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = 0.018 \text{ L mol}^{-1}$$

$$\overline{V}_{\text{octanol}} = 0.13 \text{ L mol}^{-1}$$

Table 1: Hammett constants for some common substituents

| Substituent | σ_{meta} | σ_{para} | σ^- | σ^+ | $\sigma_0^{\text{phenols}}$ |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| CH ₃ | -0.07 | -0.17 | | -0.31 | -0.13 |
| Ph (C ₆ H ₅) | 0.06 | 0.01 | | | |
| Cl | 0.37 | 0.23 | | 0.11 | 0.68 |
| Br | 0.39 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.15 | 0.70 |
| I | 0.35 | 0.18 | | 0.13 | 0.63 |
| OH | 0.10 | -0.37 | | -0.92 | |
| OCH ₃ | 0.12 | -0.27 | -0.12 | -0.78 | 0.0 |
| NO ₂ | 0.71 | 0.78 | 1.25 | 0.79 | 1.24 |
| CN | 0.56 | 0.66 | 0.89 | 0.66 | |
| CO ₂ CH ₃ | 0.33 | 0.45 | 0.66 | | |
| OCOCH ₃ | 0.36 | 0.31 | | | |
| NH ₂ | -0.16 | -0.66 | | -1.3 | |
| N(CH ₃) ₂ | -0.15 | -0.83 | | | |

Note: σ^- and σ^+ apply to *para* substituted groups only

Table 2: Reaction and acidity constants for aromatic acids in water at 25°C

| Acid | ρ | pK _{aH} |
|-----------------------------|--------|------------------|
| Benzoic acid | 1.00 | 4.19 |
| Phenol | 2.25 | 9.92 |
| Phenoxy acetic acid | 0.30 | 3.17 |
| 2-Chlorophenoxy acetic acid | 0.30 | 3.05 |
| Conjugate acid of aniline | 2.89 | 4.63 |

Table 3: Structural Unit Contributions to Calculate the $\log K_H'$

| Bond | Contribution | Bond | Contribution |
|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| C-H | +0.12 | C _{ar} -H | +0.15 |
| C-F | +0.42 | C _{ar} -Cl | +0.02 |
| C-Cl | -0.33 | C _{ar} -Br | -0.25 |
| C-Br | -0.82 | C _{ar} -O | +0.35 |
| C-I | -1.01 | C _{ar} -S | -0.63 |
| C-O | -1.09 | C _{ar} -C _{ar} | -0.26 |
| C-S | -1.11 | C _{ar} -N _{ar} | -1.63 |
| C-N | -1.30 | =C-H | +0.10 |
| C-C | -0.12 | =C-Cl | -0.04 |
| C-C= | -0.06 | C=C | -0.10 |
| C-C≡ | -0.54 | ≡C-H | 0.00 |
| C-C _{ar} | -0.16 | S-H | -0.23 |
| O-H | -3.23 | N-H | -1.28 |

Table 4: Swain-Scott nucleophilicities based on reaction with methyl bromide.

| Nucleophile | <i>n</i> | Nucleophile | <i>n</i> |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| ClO ₄ ⁻ | < 0 | HPO ₄ ²⁻ | 3.8 |
| H ₂ O | 0.0 | Br ⁻ | 3.9 |
| NO ₃ ⁻ | 1.0 | OH ⁻ | 4.2 |
| F ⁻ | 2.0 | I ⁻ | 5.0 |
| SO ₄ ²⁻ | 2.5 | CN ⁻ | 5.1 |
| CH ₃ COO ⁻ | 2.7 | HS ⁻ | 5.1 |
| Cl ⁻ | 3.0 | SO ₃ ²⁻ | 5.1 |
| HCO ₃ ⁻ | 3.8 | S ₄ ²⁻ | 7.1 |